WHO WILL BE SPEAKER?

REED AND CANNON ACTIVELY AT WORK. BURROWS ALREADY HAS THE MICHIGAN DELE-

GATION, AND MCKINLEY IS DEPENDING UPON HIS PRIENDS-OTHER, HOUSE OFFICERS.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. Washington, Dec. 7 .- The canvass for the Speakership and other elective offices of the House has become animated, a majority of the Representatives apparently believing that a called session of the List Congress is inevitable. Mr Reed and Mr. Cannon are making a personal canvass, while Messrs. McKinley and Burrows thus far have preferred to depend upon the good offices of their friends. Of course it too early to make any estimate of the strength of the respective candidates, but the partisans of each assert that their favorite is ahead.

Senator Stockbridge, of Michigan, gave the Repub lican Representatives from that State a good dinner yesterday and improved the occasion formerly launch Mr. Burrows's candidacy upon the political Mr. Burrows will receive the hearty support of all the Wvolverine Representatives.

General Cutcheon to ay said: "We think Mr. Burrows is the best suited for the place in every way. is well-informed on general matters, familiar with parliamentary law and usage, and addition has a good voice, commanding presence and a quek wit. If the thing is to be decided by section, we think Michigan has a claim. During the last ection, with all the work done by the Democrats to carry the State, we not only held her firm, but reduced the number of Democratic Representatives to two. Besides, we think it is our turn. During Republican Congresses, Maine has had three terms of the Speakership under Blaine; Indiana three under Colfax; Massachusetts two, under Banks; Pennsylvania one, under Grow; New-Jersey one, under Pen-nington, and Ohio one, under Keifer. I refer to Re-publican Spakers only. Michigan has never had a

publican epacers only. Silengal has beer and a speaker."

The canvass for the other offices of the House thus far has been conducted very quietly. It is the general impression that the new doorkeeper will be a Southern man. Mr. Adams, of Maryland, is spoken of for that office, as also is Representative Brown, of Virginia, who was not a candidate for re-election. Mr. Brown served as a private in the Confederate Army, and Mr. Adams was seriously wounded at the battle of Winchester while fighting as a private in the Union Army. Both are stanch Republicans now. It seems to be generally conceded that Edward Mc-Pherson will be elected clerk of the House, if he shall be a candidate.

### PALMER WON'T GO INTO THE CABINET. THE MICHIGAN SENATOR WANTS TO BE A PARMER-THE ASPIRATIONS OF ALGER.

Washington, Dec. 7 (Special).-Michigan is evidently trying to make its influence felt in the construction of General Harrison's Cabinet. It has a number of favorite sons who, like Barkis, are "willin'. To the latter class, however, Senator Palmer does not belong, though his name has been mentioned more than once in connection with the Sec retaryship of Agriculture, should such an office be He is most emphatic in his declaration that he would not accept such a place under any circumstances. "I wouldn't," said he to-day, uldn't have it if it carried with it a salary of \$500,000 a year with nothing to do. I am tired of official life and want to rest. I think I will de vote myself to agriculture when my term expires. I am rather tickled at the idea of being a hornyanded tiller of the soil."

Another Michigan man much talked of is ex-Governor Hils friends here are certain that he is to receive a place in Harrison's Cabinet. sentative Cutcheon so informed a "Star" reporter to-day, and added: "I am satisfied that he will not accept. Both before and since the election he has said that he did not want to enter the Cabinet. My impression is that he will positively decline all The fact is that he has by no mean given up the idea of the Presidency. His chances for '92 are very good. Entrance into the Cabinet would jeopardize them. If he were in Mr. Harr.son's Cabinet, and a second term for the President were proposed, General Alger could not, of course, go re the convention himself. It would practically cut him off to enter the Cabinet."

This, it must be confessed, is looking a long way This, it must be confessed, is looking a long way ahead, but Mr. Cutcheon seems to have some "inside" information. How trustworthy it is only the future can determine. He says among other things that he has no doubt, that while Mr. Allison had not been offered the secretaryship of the Treasury, he had been led to understand that he could have if the wanted it, and that he had stepped astic and Mr. Clarkson would receive a Cabinet position, probably the Interior Department. Other Michigan men pretend to say that to ex-Congressman itors a good place has been promised by the President-elect.

NO VOTE YET ON THE NICARAGUA BILL. DISCUSSING THE CANAL SCHEME IN THE HOUSE -REED CORRECTS SPINOLA.

Washington, Dec. 7 (Special).-The bill to incorporate cussed in the House to-day, but no vote was reached General Spinola led the opposition to what he styled "a stock-jobbing" bill, and his efforts were warmly seconded by Holman, of Indiana; Herbert, of Alabama Kilgore, of Texas; Blount, of Georgia, and other Southern Democrats. General Spinola proposed to amend the bill by striking out the clause which authorizes the company "to do all lawful things to secure the full enjoyment of the powers, privileges, rights, benefits and grants contained in any canal concession made or to be made by the Republic of Nicaragua, or Costa Rica, or both." He thought this was a dangerous provision. He did not want to lend himself under buncombe ideas to the passage of a bill which would one day rise up and haunt Congress. He believed that it was not sufficiently guarded and that by implication the Government might be held to

Mr. Reed inquired upon what the gentleman based

Mr. Spinola replied: "Upon the whole bill." Mr. Reed-But in no particular word or sentence? Mr. Spinola-No, because they have been too

cautiously evaded. Mr. Reed-It looks as if they have been not only cautiously evaded, but actually evaded.

Mr. Spinola-They have dodged it. They have left

It for their drummers and heelers to explain to capitalists at home and abroad that the Government has

given them a charter.

Mr. Reed suggested that the bill not only did not contain a word which bound the Government, but it did contain a clause expressly stating that it should

not be bound.

Mr. Spinola remarked that the language was similar to that used in the Centenial Exposition bill, and that the Government had been obliged to make the appropriation good.

Mr. Reed replied that the gentleman was as much out in his history as in his law, and Mr. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, added: "The \$1,500,000 was paid by the reople of Pennsylvania and not by the general Government." Pennsylvania and not by the general Gov....ent."

The bill will pass the House if it can be brought

# HOW ELLIOTT WAS "ELECTED."

DEMOCRATIC FRAUDS IN A REPUBLICAN DIS-TRICT JUSTIFIED BY CRISP'S COMMITTEE.

Washington, Dec. 7 (Special).-More than five months the House Committee on Elections formally expressed its judgment on the contested case of Smalls against Elliott, of the VIIth South Carolina District. Chairman Crisp undertook to prepare the report to the House and Mr. Lyman to formulate the views of the minority of the committee. The latter performed his duty promptly, but Chairman Crisp "could not to write a report, although Congress remained in session for nearly four months after the committee reached a decision. The Democrats de-termined to smother the matter until after election. hoping that the long delay would so discourage the Republicans of the district that Elliott would find it s difficult to manufacture a "majority" than he

did two years ago. Chairman Crisp to-day submitted the report and gave notice that he would call it up "at an early Of course the report favors Elliott, and it is signed by every Democratic member of the committee, It is held that he was elected because he is a white Democrat and white Democrats voted for him. That is the gist of it. On a fair vote the Republicans have 8,000 to 10,000 majority in the district. When the Democratic Legislature redistricted the State the VIIth District was marked off so as to include as many strong Republican counties as possible, and it was then and there agreed to give the Republicans one district. On the face of the present returns-all made and signed by Democratic election officers-Smalls received a majority of several hundred, but the Demo cratic Board of State Canvassers rejected enough returns to "elect" Elliott by a bogus majority of about 700. The exhaustive and able review of the case by the minority of the Elections Committee, which was submitted by Mr. Rowell to-day, shows that of the votes actually cast, Smalls recoved a majority of more than 2,000 votes. The reason assigned by the State Board for rejecting the returns from one strong Republican precinct was that Republican women and girls "intimidated" certain Democratic voters. There's richness for you.

BONDS ACCEPTED BY THE GOVERNMENT. Washington, Dec. 7 .- The Secretary of the Treasury this afternoon accepted the following bonds: Four

and one-halfs, registered. \$4,000 at 108. Four and one-halfs, coupon, \$13,000 at 108, \$600 at 108.

SOUTHERN MEMBERS AND THE SPEAKERSHIP. Washington, Dec. 7 (Special).-The Republican Representatives and Representatives-elect from the South-ern States who are in Washington held a conference yesterday, in which it was informally agreed to act as a unit, if practicable, in matters relating to the organization of the House. It seems probable that they will support for the Speakership no man who is not known to be favorably disposed toward the Educational bill. In the discussion it appeared hat most of the men present were inclined to the view that the Republican party in the Southern States must depend for future success rather upon proper legislation by Congress and a firm, but impartial enforcement of the laws by President Harrison than upon offices or official patronage. Nearly all the Southern States represented in Congress by Republicans were represented in the conference and all the members expressed a strong counfidence in future Republican success in those States.

WHAT WAS THE MATTER WITH THE BIG GUNT Washington, Bec. 7 (Special).—In an interview published in "The Philadelphia Tares" to-day in regard to the bursting of the blg gun at Annapolis on Wednesday, William Hainesworth, of the Pittsburg Steel Casting Company, who superintended the designing and casting weakened by the tempering and attempts to imseriously weakened by the tempering and attempts to im-prove it by Government officials. If we had finished it here at our plant in the same way other steel castings are treated, I think the result would have been different. No, I'll not make 2nother gun. I've lost faith in this kind of

" Star" reporter was informed to-day at the Bureau of Ordnance that the Government had in no way interfered with the tempering of the castings. That work was all done before the gun was received. All that was done at Navy Yari was the necessary machine work, such as rifling and putting in the breech pin and

### THE FEATHER WORKERS STRIKE.

IT IS INVESTIGATED BY THE STATE BOARD OF

ARBITRATION.

The State Board of Arbitration finished its investigation as to the cause of the strike of feather workers in Lowenstein & Gray's manufactory, and the charges made that other firms in the trade were boycotting the Several manufacturers and foremen were examined, and gave opinions in favor of all firms adopting a uniform scale of wages to diminish competition between them. A scale of wages for piece work was submitted to them, and was pronounced in the main acceptable. Joseph Lowenstein, of the firm of Lowenstein & Gray, spoke favorably of the girls organizing, but stated emphatically that he would not allow their union to dictate terms. After the investigation he made an arrangement to attend a meeting of the girls looking to a settlement of all difficulties.

A circular has been issued by the manufacturers, dated December 10, calling on all members of their trade to meet and form a combination for mutual pro-Louis F. Post, who conducted the examination for the feather workers, brought out the fact that the firms were organizing for protection against fraudulent failures and business troubles generally, in cluding trade unions. Charles S. Davison, counseilor for the manufacturers, said that the primary object in organizing was to send a delegation and counsel to Washington, to protect their interests by withstanding any efforts on the part of the law-makers to lower the tariff on their particular line of goods.

IS COFFEE ROASTING A NUISANCE? coasting coffee at No. 16 Jay-st., was indicted several weeks ago on a charge of maintaining a public nuisance by carrying on his business in a crowded neighbor Blankman, ridiculed the idea that coffee roasting could be injurious to health, and the case came before Judge Martine yesterday on a demurrer to the indictment. The complaint was made by John E. Wade, of the Bureau of the Board of Health. demurrer was partly urged on the ground that the reasting of coffee was not only not injurious, but was positively advantageous to health. read from medical and other books to show that coffee was a valuable disinfectant, and that the reasting of coffee was recommended as a preventive of harm from noxious vapors. He argued that the indictment was defective and that only one complaint had been de. Assistant District-Attorney Davis admitted that the

roasting of coffee was not in itself injurious, but that there might be methods of conducting the business which would work injury to persons living in the neighborhood. The questions involved, he declared, were for the consideration of a jury.

Judge Marliffe reserved his decision on the demurrer.

SULLIVAN, CRYING FOR KILRAIN'S GORE. John L. Sullivan does not consider himself dead to the world by any means. Now that he has recovered from his recent illness, he fairly froths at the whes the names of other fighters are mentioned. Sullivan's one ambition now, if one may believe what he says, is to meet "Jake" Kilrain in a twenty-four foot ring and pound him out of all resemblance to humanity. "If I git hold of him," said the mighty pany of Nicaragua was dis. John yesterday, "his own mother won't know him

when I git done with him." That Sullivan is still the pugilistic idol was again illustrated yesterday. He and a party of friends walked up Centre-st. followed by a throng that at one time threatened to blockade the thoroughfare. They were bound for "The Clipper" ofice, and the big muscular fellow was repeatedly cheered. Sullivan's friends claim that he deposited \$5,000 with "The Clipper" to meet Jake Kilrain. Sullivan said that he expected to meet Richard K. Fox, Kilrain's backer, bu expected to meet Richard R. Fox, Kirrain's backer, but Mr. Fox did not appear. Sullivan says that the fight with Kilrain must be for \$10,000, six months after signing articles, and under London prize ring rules. The place of meeting is not yet agreed upon, but it is probable that the battle-ground will be within two hundred miles of New-Orleans, where there will be no police interference.

THE FUNERAL OF JOHN ELLIOTT

The funeral of John Elliott, of the banking firm of Riggs & Co., who died on Wednesday, was held yestenlay, at St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, of which the dead man was a trustee. The church was nearly filled with members, and business associates of Mr. Elliott. Many of the officers and employes of the Manhattan Bank and of the Illinois Central Railroad were present. The pall bearers were ex-Judge Enoch Fancher, Edwin Meade, John D. Archbold, J. D. Kurtz Crook, Deputy Controller Richard A. Storrs, A. H. De Haven, Joseph Gradon, James L. Stewart and Dr. Benjamin Lord. On the platform were the venerable Bishop Andrews, the Rev. Dr. O. H. Tiffany, the Rev. Dr. Crook, of Drew Theological Sem mary, and the Rev. Dr. McChesney, paster of the irch, all of whom took part in the services. The Rev. A. J. Palmer, presiding elder of the district, in the andience. Dr. Grook spoke of his long friend ship with the dead man, extending over a period of more than thirty years, and paid a tribute to the character of his friend. Dr. Mcchesnev and Dr. Tiffany also attested their admiration for the high qualities of Mr. Elliott. The services lasted for two hours and more. The burial will take place to-day, at Greenwood.

"HUNGRY JOE" ARRESTED AGAIN.

"Hungry Joe," the notorious bunco sharp who has swindled hundreds of men, including Oscar Wilde, and who has managed his swindles so adroitly that he has been sent to prison only once, was locked up at Police Headquarters on Thursday night. A few days 250 Chief Fry of the Baltimore police telegraphed to Inspector Byrnes that "Joe" was wanted in that city for swindling a man named Bausemer out of \$5,000. The victim had recognized "Joe's" face in the Rogues' Gallery in Baltimore, and the police learned that "Joe" had returned to this city. Detective-Sergeant Vallely found the sharper at Fourth ave. and Twenty-eighth-st. and arrested him "Joe" will be detained at Headquarters until a detective arrives from Baltimore with requisition papers.

His real name is said to be Francis Alvaney, but he was registered at Headquarters as William C.-Howard and has given different names to the police every time he has been arrested.

ARMY AND NAVY INTELLIGENCE.

Washington, December 7.—Captain Joseph A. Sladen, 14th Infantry, having been found unfit for active service, has been granted leave of absence until further orders. Twenty-five recruits have been ordered to the 16th Infantry and twenty of the 23d Infantry.

The Secretary of War has amended army regulations so as to provide that actual expenses may be paid as follows: To paymasters, cierks, contract surgeons and witnesses before military courts; to citizens included); to citizens employed on public works and forti-fications (cost of transportation included); to com-missaries' clerks, quartermasters' clerks and agents, and other citizens employed with the Army, when travelling on public service under orders of competent military au-

It is said at the War Department that the President has selected the men to fill the five vacancies in the staff of the Army, and that he will send their nominations

to the Senate on Monday.

The Secretary of the Navy, replying to a House res lution in regard to the advisability of establishing a National Military and Naval Museum in this city, says that collections showing the progress of the United States in the science of offensive and defensive warfare, trophies of victory won over foreign enemies, would, in the opinion, of the Department, be of great historical value and constitute a permanent source of interesting and useful information for the public.

### NEWS FROM THE SUBURBS.

TESTING A POLICE CAPTAIN'S POWER. The Jersey City Board of Police Commissioners, which is composed entirely of Demmade another attempt yesterday afternoon to prove that Captain Edmondson, of the Second Precinct, who is a Republi-can, was physically incapable of performing the duties which his position exacts. The Democratic board is desirous of removing the Republican captain, and sev eral Democrats are anxious to succeed Captain Edmondson in his command. Charges were formulated against him by one of the Commissioners, and Mr. Edmondson was forced to stand trial before the full Board, and try to prove that the charges were not well founded. The trial was begun two weeks ago, and testimony for and against the accused captain was in troduced. The testimony given was conflicting, and it was decided to make the accused captain perform the tactics required by the regular police drill.

Yesterday afternoon the Police Commissioners and other Democratic politicians assembled in the drillroom of the 4th Regiment Armory. A squad of policemen was formed and the accused captain was placed at the head. Inspector Lange gave orders, and the Captain and his officers marched and countermarched. The Police Commissioners carefully watched the move ments of the Captain to satisfy themselves of his physical powers. They compelled him to show his ability to run, and to do other things which it is alleged he is physically incapable of doing. Some of the city physicians who were present at the exhibition suggested that other tests should be required of the Captain, but President Pavis, of the Board, ordered the drill to cease. The test of Captain Edmondson's physical powers made yesterday was for the especial benefit of the Commissioners who are to decide the Captain's case. It is understood that they will render their decision at their next meeting. The accused Captain has prepared himself for an adverse decision, and will carry his case to the highest courts.

SUSPICIONS ABOUT THE KELLY MURDER. Captain Keyser, of the New-Utrecht, L. I., police force, acting in conjunction with the Pinkerton detective hired by Justice Church to unrave mystery of the murder of Patrick Kelly, at Park-ville, has collected enough facts to warrant him in supposing that he has at last discovered the perpetrajor of the crime. While the Brooklyn police been directing their attention to securing evidence against the two laborers, Rogers and Fitzgerald, now under arrest, and to following up the movements of the cemetery gang, the local price, acting under instructions from the detective, have following an entirely different clew. Strong suspicion pointed toward a negro, who, until Friday of last week, worked for a Mrs. Brooks, in Lawrenceave., Parkville. The negro is known in Parkville as Sam. Clark. On Friday night he told his employer that he was tired of Parkville, and intended returning to Montelair, N. J., where he formerly worked in a hotel. He did not, it was learned, leave town hotel. He did not, it was learned, leave town immediately, but associated with several rough characters of the town and displayed at times considerably more money than he was in the habit of possessing. So strong were the probabilities of the negro's connection with the crime that a detective was dispatched to Montelair in search of him. Clark was arrested at Montelair last night and William Johnson, another colored man, was arrested at Woodlawn, L. I., in connection with the case. A checked jumper, which is believed to have belonged to Clark has been found, with what are thought to be blood stains upon it, in a stable near Lawrence-ave. The prisoners were held to await the coroner's action on Wednesday night, when the inquest will be held.

### POISON IN A WELL-BUCKET.

. mysterious case of poisoning is exciting the people of Hempstead, L. I. The family of Andrew La Farge, consisting of himself, wife and two daughters. e all made violently sick, except Mrs. La Farge, by drinking water in which it was discovered that con sive sublimate had been poured. Dr. Lanchart was summoned hastily and was able to relieve the patients and to check the evil effects of the poison, and yester-day the family was out of danger and almost entirely recovered. An investigation by Dr. Lanchart showed that the well on the premises had been tampered with. A quantity of the poison was found in the bucket. It was immediately poured out and the bucket was broken up and destroyed. The La Farge family are not known to have any enemies who seek their lives, and no motive for this act has been discovered.

PEACE IN THE JERSEY CITY BOARD. The Jersey City Board of Public Works met again hast night to give an opportunity to the citizens to new supply of water. The lobby was crowded with citizens interested in the matter, but there were many present who anticipated a repetition of the scenes of

Dr. D. O'Callaghan was the first to whom the floor was accorded. He produced four samples of water taken from as many different cities, but President Kern would not listen to the doctor's argument. He consented, however, to receive the samples. Mr. Fleming then made an argument against the making of any contract with a private corporation.

CHEATED BY AN ALLEGED DETECTIVE.

The people of Huntington, L. I., have been swindled by a man representing himself to be one suffolk Hotel. On Wednesday afternoon he went to the North Side House and had a meal cooked. He saw Mrs. Fleet, the proprietor, change three ten-dollar gold pieces for a man named Smith. the three gold pieces in her pocket book and then placed that in the cash drawer. He hinted that per haps the steak which was cooking for him might o well done and Mrs. Fleet went to the kitchen to look after it. In her absence the "detective" go pocket-book out of the drawer. It contained to. When Mrs. Fleet came she was surprised to

The fellow had zone to Dodge's livery stable, where he ordered a carriage to go to Northport. A stable-man named Griffith was sent along with him as a detective" said he would change his mind and would detective' said he would change his mind and would go to Hicksville. It was cold when he started, so Dodge kindly loaned him his overcoat on his promise to send it back again with Griffith. When they got to Hicksville, he told Griffith to wait outside the village half an hour and he would return. He still wore Dodge's overcoat. Griffith waited. The fellow hastened down to Charles Gottert's hotel and hired Mr. Gilbert to take him to Mineola. When he got there he took the 3 o'clock train west and has not been heard of since.

#### ---JERSEY CITY.

The Board of Education has unanimously decided to open four night schools on Monday evening. The North Hudson Railway Company has decided

to change the route for the extension of its elevated road from Oakland-ave. to Central-ave.

Testimony was taken yesterday in the Chancellor's Chambers before Advisory Master Emory, of Newark, in the case of the Hudson Boat Club against the that it sold to the other club a boat-house which was erected on a scow, for \$1,700, which was to be paid in cash. The Bayonne Club paid \$1,000 and gave a mortgage for the balance. Members of the Bayonne Club say that the club-house sprung a leak and went to the bottom of the Newark Bay, and in consequence they refused to pay the balance.

John M. Davis, a carpenter in the employ of the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company, attempted to end his life yesterday at his home, No. 58 Waverly st., by cutting his throat. He made the attempt in the presence of his wife. Davis was removed to the City Hospital. His wound is not serious.

Louis Holman, a liquor dealer who was convicted last week of selling liquor on Sunday, was fined \$50 and costs by Judge Lippincott in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday. Ex-Governor Leon Abbett, the counsel for the Liquor Dealers' Association, which defended Holman, has applied for a writ of error in the case, and it will be carried to a higher court.

## NEWARK.

Burglars visited Roseville, a suburb of Newark, on Wednesday night. Three dwellings were entered and ransacked, but in each case the burglars failed to secure anything.

The Democratic majority of the Board of Education has decided in favor of Edward Goeller for president of the board.

Articles were filed in the County Clerk's office ve terday incorporating the American Amusement Syndi-The object expressed is to transport and produce in Europe entertalmments characteristic of American life, and especially to produce in Paris and other places in Europe the Buffalo Bill Wild West Show. The capital stock is fixed at \$150,000, in 1,500 shares. John R. Dos Passos heads the list of incorporators,

VARIOUS NEW-JERSEY TOWNS. HOBOKEN.—The commission appointed by the Gov-ernment to select a postoffice site has decided to purchase the property of William Utz, at the northeast corner of Newack and River sts. It is said that the price is \$30,000. . . . City Physician Simon is daily reporting many cases of diphtheria to the health author-

titles. So remarkable is the increase of the disease that the residents and city officials are earnestly talking of closing several of the public schools.

The woodwork of the toboggan slide is completed, and the arrangements will be complete as soon as the hydrants and lampposts are erected. The mas ter of the hounds has taken advantage of the present open weather, and has issued an extra card of meets. On Wednesday there was a hunt from Montclair Heights; to-day the meet will be at Springfield at 3 p. m., on Monday at Chatham and on Saturday next at Roselle, at 3 p. m.

WEST ORANGE.-The last of three horses owner by Henry B. Oliphant, of Eagle Rock-ave!, which were bitten by a mad dog several weeks ago, died on

Wednesday. RAHWAY .- The Union County Bank has made an councement that it will issue interest-bearing certifiates of deposit in amounts from \$10 to \$200 inclusive The bank agrees to pay 3 per cent interest amount of the certificate, provided the certificate re mains uncancelled for the period of six months from date of issue. The certificates will be negotiable by indorsement, and after six months the interest is payable up to the time of surrender.

RLOOMFIELD.-Mrs. Elizabeth Davis, a widow liv ing in Montgomery-ave., attempted to commit suicide yesterday by jumping into the river at the rear of the Her son in law, Captain Goodby, an East River pilot, sprang in after her, and brought her in

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

WHITE PLAINS, Cromwell Post, Grand Army of the Republic, held its annual election on Thursday might. Edward Long, editor of "The White Plain Journal," was elected commander, and all of the old officers, excepting the surgeon, who declined, were received the

YONKERS.—The fair for the benefit of St. John's Eiverside Hospital netted the handsome sum of \$3,000. SING SING.-Coroner Sutton is making an invest ation as to the cause of the fire which destroyed the ew public school.

CITY ISLAND.—The Republican Club has elected be following officers: Mortimer Rell, president; D. Booth and George W. Horton, vice-presidents; leorge B. Glazier, secretary; Robert J. Vickery, casurer; E. F. Wood, chairman of the executive simulates.

### LONG ISLAND.

LONG ISLAND CITY .- In Justice Kavanagh's cour

LONG ISLAND CITY.—In Justice Rayanasas, votterday, Mrs. Mary Purnell, a colored woman, and Mrs. Clara Koehler, of No. 247 East Eighty-fourth-st., New-York, were charged by the police with baby farming. Justice Kavanagh fined Mrs. Purnell \$1 for neglecting to have a city license to adopt infants. Mrs. Koehler was discharged.

RIVERHEAD.—John Slowey, who was on trial before Judge Young on an indictment for mansläughter, which charged him with the killing of John Cosgrove on July 31, was sentenced yesterday to the Elmira Reformatory, but the Judge mentioned no stated term.

LAMAICA—Lawrence Creamer, age #fty, was JAMAICA.—Lawrence Creamer, age fifty, was thrown out of a wagon yesterday, and it is thought fatally injured. He struck head first on a sharp stone. His right ear was cut off, and his skull, it is thought, is fractured.

PORT JEFFERSON.—The schooner Active, bound r New-York, came ashore yesterday off Wading ver. She is a total wreck. Her crew was saved.

ALONG THE SOUND.

BRIDGEPORT.—The "Festival of the Year," at the Union Armory, which closed last night, will, it is believed, net for the benefit of the Associated Charites \$5,000.

A committee of five from this city, to confer with a like number in West Stratford to devise plans for annexing the latter, has been appointed.

STATEN ISLAND.

STAPLETON.—Captain David Walcott, of the wrecking steamer T. J. Merritt, which arrived at her dock on Thursday night, reports that twenty-five miles south, off Sandy Hook, she passed the three-masted schooner Elizabeth Cottingham, of Camden, N. J., and the schooner Stephen Bennett. Both vessels were Iving at anchor, having been in collision. The Cottingham had lost all of her head gear, besides sustaining other damages. The Bennett had her fore and main riggings carried away and bulwarks stove in. They need assistance to reach port.

TOTTEVILLE—Another new case of diphtheria ap

HIGHER DUTIES WANTED ON FISH.

A CALL ISSUED FOR A CONVENTION TO DISCUSS THE QUESTION. .

The National Fishery Association has issued a call for a convention of fishermen and wholesale fish-dealers, which is to meet on December 12 at the express their views upon the advisability of making a contract with the Montelair Water Company for a convention will be largely attended, for there are many things affecting the fish industry which require legislative action. One of them is the problem of pected importance since the law prohibiting the catching of mackerel in seines in American waters between January 1 and June 1 was passed by Con-gress two years ago. The object of this close season was to give the fish a chance to spawn and multiply, as such quantities of them

> and are all in Nova Scotian waters. The consequence is that we have to buy them from the Canadian fishermen, and money that might be kept at home we put into British pockets." Nor is this the only result of the close mackerel eason, say those who are opposed to it. Since the scarce that the price in this market has gone up about \$20 a barrel, or from \$6 and \$30 formerly to 825 and 850 now. This high price has induced the shipping of Irish mackerel to this country. The duty of one cent a pound on fish is not sufficient to keep out these Irish fish, and it is said that preparations on a large scale are being made to ship them to this side. There is only one way to ward off the inundation of Irish mackerel, and it is said that the Gioneester fishermen, who are mostly injured by this rivalry, will bring before the convention next week the proposition to have higher duties imposed on foreign fish.

> > 12 HE A VICTIM OF FOUL PLAY?

The disappearance of William Reynolds, who lives at Pleasantville, Westchester County, N. Y., was reported at Police Headquarters yesterday by Dr. Hor ace Reynolds, his son, of Tarrytown. The missing man was in the pickle business and came to this city last Monday to attend to some private matters. He had a large amount of money with him, and his friends fear that he has been foully dealt with. He is fifty two years old, wears a full beard and mustache slightly tinged with gray and dark clothing. A gen-eral alarm was sent out to the police to look for him.

WORK OF THE ARMORY BOARD.

The Armory Board yesterday approved the Cor-poration Counsel's preliminary action for the acquisition of the property in Fourth-ave., between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth sts., the site for the new

A dispute has arisen regarding the propss of a portion of the front wall of the 8th Regiment Armory, now in course of construction. Clerk that twelve inches was the required thickness, but Contractor Hopper, under the super vision of Architect Thomas, who drew the plan, building the wall only eight inches thick. May Hewitt told the contractor to go ahead as he had h gun, as the architect ought to know how thick is wall should be.

The stated meeting of the Board of Managers of the American Bible Society was held at the Bible House on Thursday, Robert Carter, vice-president, in the chair. The death of John Elliott, one of the managers of the society, was announced, and a memorial minute concerning him was adopted by the board. Grants of Bibles, testaments and "portions," to the value of about \$5,686, were made. An additional appropriation of \$3,500 in fauds was made to meet the expenses of enlarged work in Japan Four societies were recognized as auxiliary, two in Arkansas, one in Ohio and one in Wisconsin. The cash receipts of the society in November, which is be expended for general purposes, were \$15,098. The issues from the little Roise in November we 84,016 copies; issues since April, 630,373 copies.

TPHOLDING CIVIL SERVICE REFORM.

At the last meeting of the Civil Service Reform Asso-ciation is this city resolutions were adopted deciaring that "the deciarations and pleages of the Republican ciation is this city resolutions were adopted deciaring that "the deciarations and piedges of the Republican platform and the views expressed by the President-elect in his letter of acceptance justify the hope that the progress in Civil Service reform already secured will be maintained and extended." They also call for the placmmilitained and extended. They also can for the paint ing of "since efficheds of reform at the head of all office in which the service is classified"; object to "any general system of removals" upon "a party change of Administra-tion under the plea of correcting the injustice of previous removals"; and declare that the interference of Congressmen with the exercise of the Executive power of appointment and removal and the laws which, by prescribing a fixed term for inferior offices, facilitate " a clean sweep o

warks of the spoils system

The final resolution embodies a promise and a reference
to a past attitude as follows: "Resolved, That removals
from the public service, with the exception of certain
political officers, should be made only for reasons connected with the character and efficiency of the service,

A that hope first as herefore, we will heartily and ORANGE.—The Committee on Winter Sports at the country Club has been engaged in preparing for the unitedly sustain every effort of the National Administra-

tion to emancipate the non-political service of the Govern re non-partisan control.

CLAIMING PAY FOR AN INTRODUCTION.

lish capitalists, Henry R. Casel, the inventor of an electro-chemical process for extracting gold from ore,

of "The Investors' Guardian," in London, stating that

Senator Jones, of Nevada, was soon to depart for England, and that good commissions could be made

Liepman, through whom the patent was sold

CAN HE GET OUT OF LUDLOW STREET JAIL?

Company, was committed for contempt by Justice

Barnard, at Poughkeepsle, for not delivering the books

and papers of his company to John Frank Emmons, the

THE COURT OF APPEALS.

the following business was transacted:

Louis Weller, et al., applts. Argued.

Albany, Dec. 7 .- In the Court of Appeals to-day

No. 668-Catharine Weller, extrx., respdt., agt.

No. 1,086-In the matter of the petition of the

Kings County Elevated Railroad Company to ac-quire land, etc. Argued. Following is the day calendar for December 10 \* Nos. 1,287, 91, 93, 99, 1,281, 102 and 103.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

United States to-day transacted the following busi-

agt. George W. Thomas. Order of publication

Washington, Dec. 7 .- The Supreme Court of the

No. 117-H. J. Springfield, et al., plaintiffs in error,

No. 111-The Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington

No. 112-The Union Tubing Company, et at., agt.

the Patierson Company, etc. Appeal from the Circuit Court United States for the Southern District of

New-York. Dismissed with cests, pursuant to 10th

No. 113-Charles Prabet, plaintiff in error, agi.

No. 114-William Pinkerton, plaintiff in error, agt.

the public for aid in carrying on the good work.

under moral influences. Its reception rooms, no

SITES FOR NEW SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

Application was made in the Supreme Court, Chambers, before Justice Andrews, yesterday, by

Corporation Counsel Reekman, for the appointment of

Commissioners of Estimate in proceedings instituted

to acquire lands as sites for school-purposes at the fol-

lowing places: Courtlandt-ave, and East One-hundred-

and-fifty-seventh-st. . Johnson-ave. . Seventy-fifth-st.

Third-ave., Ninety-third-st. and Tenth-ave., Sixty

Fifty-first-st, and Lexington-ave., Thirty-eighth-st, and

Second-ave., Fourth-st. near First-ave., First and

Second sts. and First and Second aves., Washington,

Albacy and Carlisle sts., Mulberry and Bayard sts.

Hester and Chrystie sts., Norfolk and Hester sts.

The Judge granted the application and the Cor-

poration Counsel stated that the papers in the pro-

ceding would be submitted to the court. The law

providing for a commission to acquire lands for school

with the approval of the Board of Education. It had

with the approval of the hold of Patical in the hold been discovered that in several instances where sites were desired for the schools, the property had been run by a combination of real estate dealers to an excessive valuation. This will be the first proceeding under the statute.

FISTICUFFS AT CASTLE GARDEN.

Joseph Fitzsimmons, dubbed the "Gladstone light-weight," and Charles Elessing, the "Harlem Spider,"

nineteen and twenty years old, respectively, and

imployes in the Castle Garden freight shed, had a

set-to" on the bulkhead outside the rotunda early

yesterday for a purse of \$25. They had been in

raining for several weeks, and were about evenly

matched in size and weight. "Spider," however, was the most skilful and had not the referee parted them and called out "it's a draw," the Gladstonian would have suffered seriously for his temerity.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS FOR 24 HOURS.

WASHINGTON, Dec 7.—10 p. m.—For New England, Rastern New York, New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania, Delaware Maryland, Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida, fair

For Alabama and Mississippi, fair, followed by rain; warmer

For Louisman, Eastern Texas and Arkansas, rain; slight changes in temperature, except in Arkansas, cooler weather.

For Tennessee and Kentucky, fair ; followed in the western

For Western New-York, Western Pennsylvania, West Vir.

ginla and Ohio, fair ; followed on the lakes by rain ; cooler,

For Minnesota, Nebraska, Colorado and Dakota, fair and

For Kansas, Iowa and Missouri, fair, preceded in Missouri

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

For Upper Michigan and Wisconsin, fair and cooler.

urposes was passed by the Legislature last spring,

Broome and Ridge sts., Delancey and Ludlow sts.

Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, agt. the Switzer-

land Marine Insurance Company, Arguet.

ident of the New-York Transit and Terminal

DID THE LETTER CATCH A CUSTOMER OR NOT? THE JURY COULD NOT DECIDE. Armed with letters of introduction to several Eng-

354.672 Magnificent English and American Books, sailed from this city for England a few years ago. The letters were given him by George B. Ellery, and 148,782 Bibles, Penyer-Books, &C. AT ANY PRICE. it was agreed that if, by means of these missives. Casel effected a sale of his patent, he would pay to GRAND HOLIDAY CATALOGUE FREE. Ellery a commission of 5 per cent of the realized. On the trip across the ocean Mr. Casel says he opened, by mistake, a letter to the editor 81 CHAMBERS-ST.,

LEGGAT BROS'.

CHEAPEST BOOKSTORE

IN THE WORLD.

265.672 Gorgeous Hollday and Javenile Books,

3d Door West City Hall Park, NEW-YORK.

DECIDING THE WEBSTER-HIGGINS CASE. COMMISSIONER SHIELDS MAKES AN AWARE

by inducing the Senator to invest in English patents.

Mr. Casel says he was so disgusted on reading this that he resolved not to present the letters. One of AGAINST THE WEBSTER LOOM COMPANYthem was addressed to Joseph Aronson, a brother of TO BE TAKEN TO THE SUPREME COURT. Rudolph Aronson, of the Casino. This, it is claimed, was not used, but Mr. Casel formed the acquaintance The decision of Commissioner Shields as Master of Accounting in the Webster-Higgins patent suia of Joseph Aronson, who introduced him to a Mr. Glasgow syndicate. The amount paid was 10,000 pounds in cash and 50,000 pounds in shares.

The business prospered, and the shares went above par. Mr. Ellery claimed that a commission of \$100.000 was due him, and used for the amount. The trial of the case before Justice Lawrence and a jury, in the Supreme Court, yesterday, resulted in a disagreement. The case will be tried again. S. E. Fairchild appeared for the plaintiff, and Alfred Pagelow for the defendant. Company after fifteen years' infringement of their wire motion device by the defendants, E. S. Higgins & Co., carpet manufacturers, was a general topic or

conversation yesterday, not only by members of the carpet trade, but by business men generally. It provoked a widespread discussion as to what was the value of a patent if no real penalty and no real indemnity could be exacted for such a long period of appropriation of its benefits. To ascertain the merits of the case, a Tribune reporter called upon Walter Griffin, one of the lawyers

A writ of habeas corpus, requiring Sheriff Grant to porter called upon Walter Griffin, one of the lawyer take Lawyer John H. Post to court for the purpose for the defence. In his absence his partner, J. Arthur of an inquiry as to the propriety of releasing him from | Barratt, said: "The real point of the decision is that no basis is established for estimating the damage Ludiow Street Jail, was granted by Justice Andrews, in the Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, Mr. Post, who As things stand now, an infringement of a paten may be continued until it is discovered, and, if it proved that other machines than the one in question are used and will produce the same results, then the only remedy the complaining patentee may have is to receiver appointed by that Judge on October 13. It is claimed by Mr. Post that no property of the company was the subject of action in the case of King against Barnes, in which the orders were made.

It is enjoin the further continuance of the infringement of the subject of action in the case of King against Barnes, in which the orders were made. ward W. Dickerson, the attorney for the plaintiff emphatically dissented from this view of the case He held that there was a rule of damages established It was laid down by Judge Dixon in the United State Circuit Court of New-Jersey, in the case of Webster against the New-Brunswick Carpet Loom Company that the basis of the accounting should be the profi on the additional number of yards of carpet which the defendant had been able to make by reason of the invention of the patentee. Judge Walface had in structed the Commissioner to observe this rule, bu he had ignored it, as he had a perfect legal right to do. He expected to win his case before Judge Wallac do. He expected to win his case before Judge Wallace when he appealed from the decision of the Commissioner, but the case was bound to be carried to the Supreme Court of the United States, as the beater party would inevitably take it to that tribunal. The would involve at least five years of delay, as the docker was already fearfully overcrowded. Mr. Dickersof ridiculed the statement of a morning paper to the effect that \$30,000,000 was involved in the decision and said that the utmost they could expect under the most favorable circumstances was less that \$30,000,000. the most \$3,000,000.

LOOK OUT FOR THIS SWINDLER, Mrs. Mary Lewitt, of No. 249 East One-hundred and sixth-st, went to Police Headquarters yesterday to complain about a swindler who has been going about Harlem claiming to be an agent for a Broadway firm and offering the trustees of the Board of Domestic Missions of the teneral Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, U. S. A. Argued.

No. 114—William Pinlerton, plaintiff in error, agt. women in Hariem. The police will search for him.

Epifanie Leduox. Argued. No 115-Reuhen P. Segrist, et al., plaintiff in error, agt. William B. Crabtree. Argument begun. SHE THOUGHT SHE WAS A MINISTER'S WIFE COURT CALENDARS—TO DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—Recess.
STEREME COURT—CHARDERS—Before Andrews, J.—Court opens at 10.30 a. m. Motions.
SUPREMOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Before Truax, J.—Court opens at 10.30 a. m. Motions.

SUPREMOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Before Truax, J.—Court opens at 10 a. m. Motions. name as Mrs. Eugenia A. Mottet, and claimed to be Testimony to be taken before the Probate Clerk—Wills of the Church of the Holy Communion, at Sixth-ave. and Margareta A. Crawford, Jane M. Fitch, Cornelius W. Olliffe, Common Picas—Special Tesm AND CHARMERS—Before Van Common Picas—Special Tesm AND CHARMERS—Before Van Corry Court opens at 10:30 a. m. Motions.

Court opens at 10:30 a. m. Motions.

Court opens at 10:30 a. m. Motions. the wife of the Rev. Henry Mottet, the well-known recto

## GRAIN AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Owing to the vigor with which the work of the New-York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children FEATURES OF NEW-YORK DEALINGS. There was even less interest and feature in the pushed, its Board of Directors has recently been wheat market yesterday than on the day previous compelled to enlarge its appliances for the rescue of helpless little children. In consequence of this, the Less than 1,000,000 bushels changed hands, and the range of prices was fractional in extent. president, Elbridge T. Gerry, makes a special appeal to big operators appear to be doing little and their movements, small as they are, so far as they are ing the fourteen years of its existence, the society has investigated 37,894 complaints, involving more than observable, are of a nature to confuse had been caught that it was feared they might be exterminated. The effect of this law, however, has been somewhat unexpected to its promoters.

The people of Huntington, L. I., have been indled by a man representing himself to be one Inspector Byrnes's detectives. He arrived in 1 91 07 1-8, March \$1 08 5-8, May \$1 10 1-14 A moderate business was done in corn for export, over 100,000 bushels being taken by shippers. Small dealing took place in the options, and after a firm opening the market ended heavy and down 1-2 for Decembe and January at 46 5-8, and May at 46 1-8, 1-4 for February at 46 3-4, and 1-8 cent for March at 4' cents. Oats were moderately active, but easier, the options closing off 1-4x3-3 cent at 31 1-4 for December, 32 1-8 for January, 33 for February and 34 1-4 cents for May. Lard was steady, with 1,200 theree sold on the spot, mainly for export. Options closed down 2x5 points at 88 58 for December, 84 22 for January, \$3 35 for February and \$8 44 for Marci and April.

The receipts of grain and few receipts of marci established eight years, have sheltered, clothed and fed 5,035 children and furnished 40,162 meals. Its example has induced the organization of seventy ight similar societies in this country and thirty-seven in foreign lands. Its work is prosecuted day and right, and the doors of its office. No. 100 East Twenty-third-st., are always open. No child has ever been turned away without shelter for the night. It is supported entirely by voluntary contributions, and needs donations to replace the outlay for the enlargement of its accommodations. Checks may be sent to the order of William L. Jenkins, treasurer.

down 2x5 points at \$8.55 for December 1, 15 points at \$8.55 for December 2, 15 points at \$8.55 for December 2, 15 points at \$8.44 for Marel and April.

The receipts of grain and flour reported yesteria; 15 points and Boston were as follows: Wheat, 17,125 bushels; corn, 241, 729 bushels; 61,125 bushels; total grain, 360, 119 bushels; flour, 37,921 packages. At Chicago Milwaukee and St. Louis the arrivals were: Wheat 53,212 bushels; corn, 328,080 bushels; coats, 199,834 bushels; total grain, 581,126 bushels; flour, 12,786 barrels.

THE TRADE IN CHICAGO. Chican , Dec. 7 (Special).-The wheat pit to-day wa simply an arena for a sort of exhibition game by Hutch." He bought May wheat under \$1 09 1-2 and sold it above \$1 09 1-2; advanced the price when he

sold it above \$1.09 1-2; advance the price which chose and depressed it when he chose; let the price a one moment run down to \$1.09 1-4 and at another moment get up to \$1.10 1-4; then, just when it looke as if it was getting out of its narrow limits, snatched it back again. The range here was within one cent Everywhere else it was even narrower. It is estimated that "Old Hutch" was short 2,000,000 Thursdanight; perhaps he bought half of it back to-day; possibly the whole of it. The dulness of the pit continue to distress the buils. The receipts of corn, 346 cars were a little above the expectations. The estimate for Saturday, 435 cars, are surprisingly large. East ern markets were dull and sent the news that thet wants were being supplied by arrivals from Ohio and other territory cast of Chicago. The pit was dul and prices inclined to go off. Moderate purchases of May by Hutchinson had no buil influence because that trader its supposed to be short. December opened at 35-1-8c and closed at 34-3-4c. May opened at 37-7-8-and closed at 37-5 8c. Oats were weak in sympathy with corn. There was some buying of lard by Armou and some other buying of pork, which was cacdited thim. This inclined outstanding shorts to grab that profits and inclined some of the scalpers to play the market for a rally. Hogs were also 5210 cents higher at the yards and the heartwals everywhere smaller that last year. The Western packing points showed 19,000 head under the same day in 1887.

May wheat on the curb was \$1.00 7-8. chose and depressed it when he chose; let the price a last year. The Western packing points she head under the same day in 1887. May wheat on the curb was \$1 00 7-8.

## THE PETROLEUM M ARKET.

NEWS FROM THE FIELD AND RANGE OF PRICES The crude market acted excellently yesterday, according to the views of "leng-horned" bulls. It did not greatly utes after they have purchased 5,000 barrels certificates A large volume of business was transacted, although



CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS. San Francisco, Dec. 7, 1888. Yesterday To-day

43° the average (35%°) being 5%° lower than on the corresponding day last year, and 1%° higher than on Thursday. In and near this city to-day there will probably be

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 10 2 2 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 30.5 In the diagram a continuous line shows the barometer fucusations vesteraby, as observed at the United States Signal Service station at this city. The dashes indicate temperature noted at Hudnut's pharmacy, 218 Broadway. THIBUNE OFFICE, Dec. 8-1 a. in.-Clear weather pre-

BAR.